

2017 Report of the Auditor General of New Brunswick - Volume II

Financial Assistance to Atcon – Unanswered Questions



Presentation Topics

- Where did taxpayer's money go?
- Did anyone benefit inappropriately?
- Other observations

Brief Background



- The Atcon Group Inc. (Atcon) was a New Brunswick company headquartered in Miramichi
- Atcon's complex corporate structure consisted of 27 companies in 2008
- Its activities included heavy civil construction, steel fabrication, manufactured wood products and more
- Atcon received over \$77 million in financial assistance from the Province over 19 occasions since 1993

Background - Financial Assistance

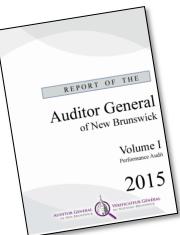
- In 2009, Atcon was operating under significant cash flow stress
- In 2010, Atcon was placed in receivership 9 months after receiving a \$50 million guarantee from the Province
- This left the Province with close to \$70 million in unrecovered funds

Background - 2015 AGNB Report

Financial Assistance to Atcon Holdings Inc. and Industry

Our 2015 report focused on:

- Government's decision making process in granting financial assistance to Atcon
- How to improve the performance of the Department of Economic Development (DED) (Now Opportunities New Brunswick, ONB)



However, we were left with many unanswered questions, such as where did the money go?

Atcon: What We Examined

- Over 15,000 files from Atcon computers
- Audited financial statements
- Bank statements and cancelled cheques
- Indexed and searched over 1 million Atcon emails
- Interviewed six Cabinet ministers involved in the decision to grant financial assistance to Atcon
- Had discussions with staff at ONB and Attorney General's
- And much more, however...

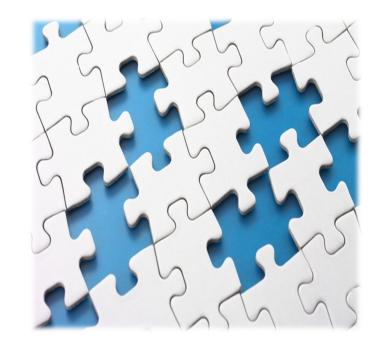
Significant Gaps in Our Evidence

We were unable to locate or access certain information including:

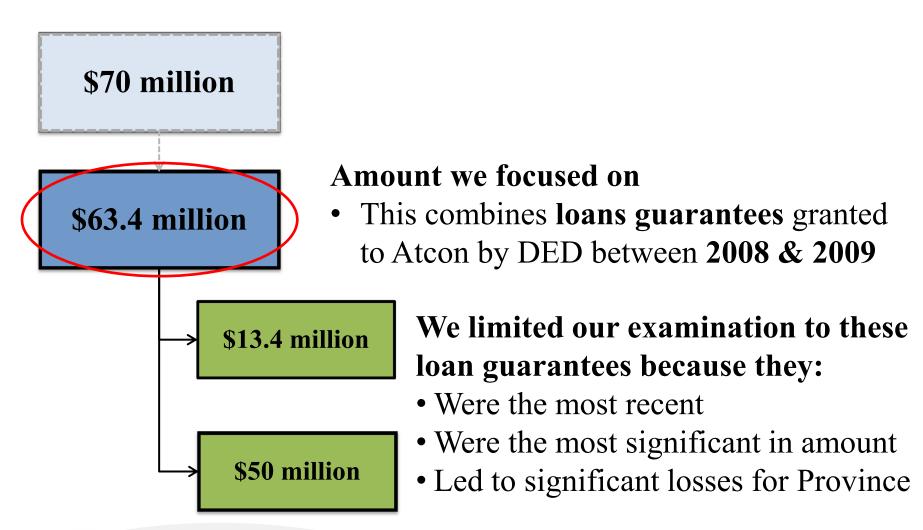
- Various bank statements and cancelled cheques from different Atcon companies
- Financial statement audit file of the auditors of Atcon

Significant Gaps in Our Evidence

• Had we been able to examine this missing information, it may have impacted our findings and conclusions.



Atcon: Focus of our Work





Where did \$63.4 million of taxpayer's money go?



Where did \$63.4 million of taxpayer's money go?

The simple answer to the question:



Bank of Nova Scotia

 Province guaranteed Atcon's loans and when Atcon defaulted, the bank called on the guarantee

Gov. of Northwest Territories (GNWT)

 Province paid GNWT in connection with guarantee on the **Deh Cho Bridge**

Where did the \$13.4 million go? Deh Cho Bridge - Northwest Territories

• In May 2008, Atcon received a **loan guarantee for** \$13.4 million from the Province, work began in June.

• Purpose was to secure construction **performance**

obligations

• In 2010, Province agreed to pay GNWT \$13.4 million to correct deficiencies



Deh Cho Bridge Construction, April 24, 2009

Incomplete Review of Support for \$13.4 Million Payment

We contacted Opportunities NB, and learned it:

- Requested proof for \$13.4 million payment to GNWT in Feb. 2016; six years after payment
- Has <u>not completed its review</u> of GNWT support for payment



Deh Cho Bridge opened in Nov. 2012

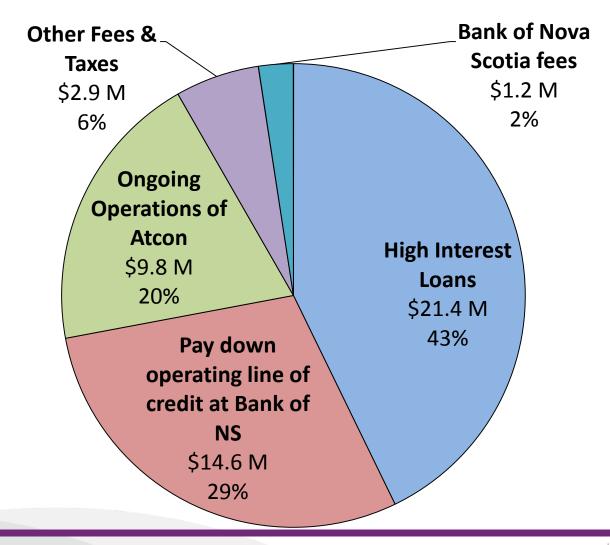
What did Atcon do with the \$50 million?

• We wanted to determine what happened to the \$50 million Atcon received from the Bank of Nova Scotia

 We examined the activity in Atcon's bank accounts, and reviewed available documents



Where did the \$50 million go?





Did Anyone Benefit Inappropriately?



Did Anyone Benefit Inappropriately? Suppliers who Received Payment

Overall, based on our analysis of the movement of the funds once they were in Atcon's control:

- We found the funds appear to be largely used for business related activities
- Testing of cheques between July 2009 and March 2010 did not show any unusual or large payments to Atcon's companies or its owners

Did Anyone Benefit Inappropriately? Personal Expenses

Personal expenses paid through Atcon accounts, during the years ended January 31, 2008 to January 31, 2010	
Credit card charges deemed personal in nature	\$29,000
Amounts charged to the Shareholder's Account	\$706,000
Total	\$735,000

- We understand this may be normal practice for some companies
- However, we found it questionable to do while applying for financial assistance from the Province.

Did Anyone Benefit Inappropriately?

Personal Expenses Charged to Shareholder's Account

Income taxes & RRSP

\$229,000

Shares & properties in NB

\$197,000

Aruba vacation property

\$57,000

Luxury car lease

\$38,000

Jewelry

\$15,000



Did Anyone Benefit Inappropriately? Management Compensation in 2007-2009

- Three key management staff **combined** received between \$554,000 and \$603,000 in annual compensation
- This was in addition to personal expenses and dividends
- 4% to 5% annual increases during those years
- In our view the increase was not significant enough to indicate an inappropriate benefit

Did Anyone Benefit Inappropriately? Family Member Compensation in 2007-2009

• <u>Combined</u> annual compensation to this group of individuals ranged between \$340,000 and \$378,000

• We considered compensation paid to some family members as **significant**, given their apparent **limited** or **lack of involvement** in the day-to-day operations of Atcon.

Observation: Atcon's Corporate Jet

- In 2007, Atcon began leasing a corporate jet at a cost of \$124,000 per month
- We estimate its operating costs during 2008-2010 was about \$8.2 million
- We were surprised to find a company under significant financial pressure, coming to the Province for financial assistance, would have an item as extravagant as a corporate jet.

Did Anyone Benefit Inappropriately?

Inappropriate benefit to certain Atcon personnel given request for provincial assistance:

- Some family of key senior management were salaried with little evidence they did any work for Atcon
- About \$700,000 of personal expenses were put through company accounts.





- As we reported in 2015, senior officials repeatedly advised against the \$50 million in guarantees
- However Cabinet decided to grant assistance
- We individually interviewed six Cabinet Ministers involved in the decision to grant financial assistance to Atcon

Interviews with Six Cabinet Ministers

It appears decision to grant financial assistance to Atcon was due to factors including:

- Already depressed economy in Miramichi region
- Many businesses across NB would be negatively affected should Atcon fail
- Atcon's plans moving forward looked promising

Many conditions were set by the Province including:

- Sell or monetize a contract and some assets
 - Highway maintenance contract and its Swedish assets
- Set up Advisory Board acceptable to the Minister
 - Contracts in excess of \$5 million were to be reviewed by the Board to ensure they were acceptable and profitable
- Pay all outstanding payables owed to NB companies
 - Atcon agreed to pay \$6.5 million to 314 companies



• The Ministers claimed in the interviews to have understood the risks involved with the request from Atcon

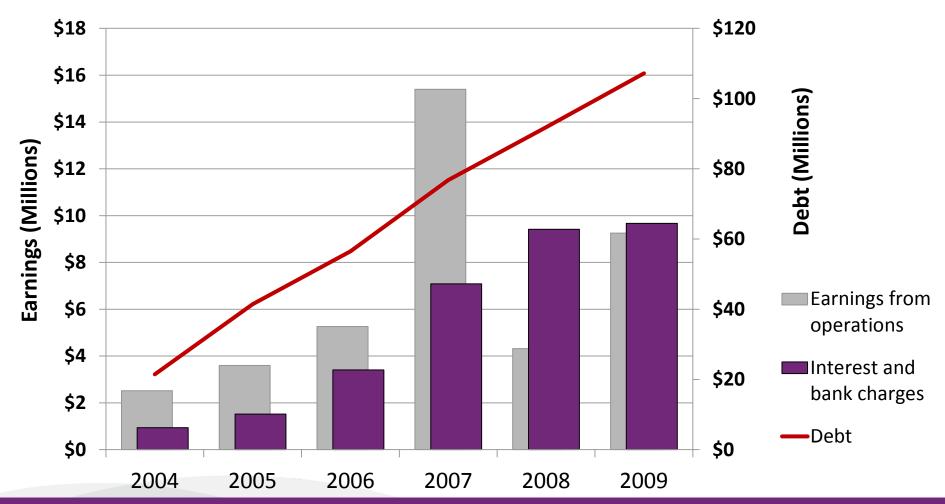
Atcon's Financial Health Analysis Identifies Serious Concerns

• 2008 economic crisis may have contributed to Atcon's financial challenges, however...

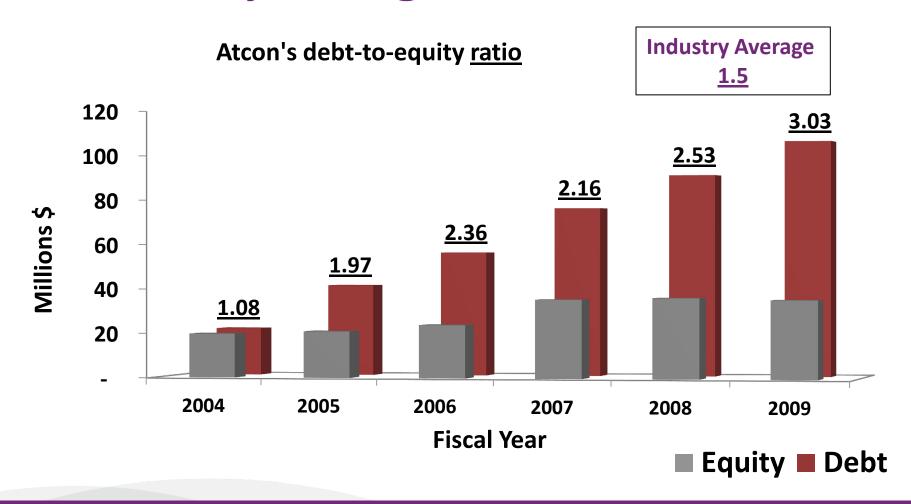
Our review identified the following issues:

- Poor project management practices which lead to higher project costs
- Contractors and suppliers not receiving payment
- Costs incurred for unpaid work
- Poor financial reporting practices

Atcon's Debt Growth & Bank Charges Outpacing Earnings



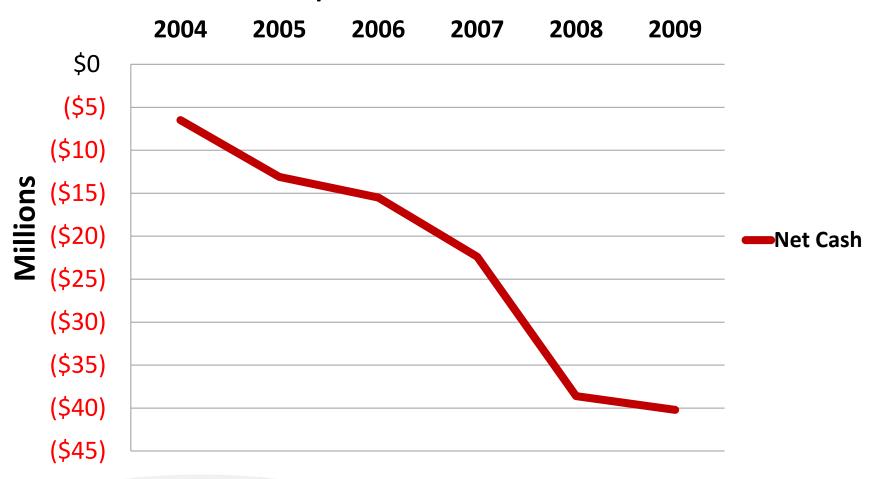
Atcon's Debt-to-equity Ratio Was Double the Industry Average





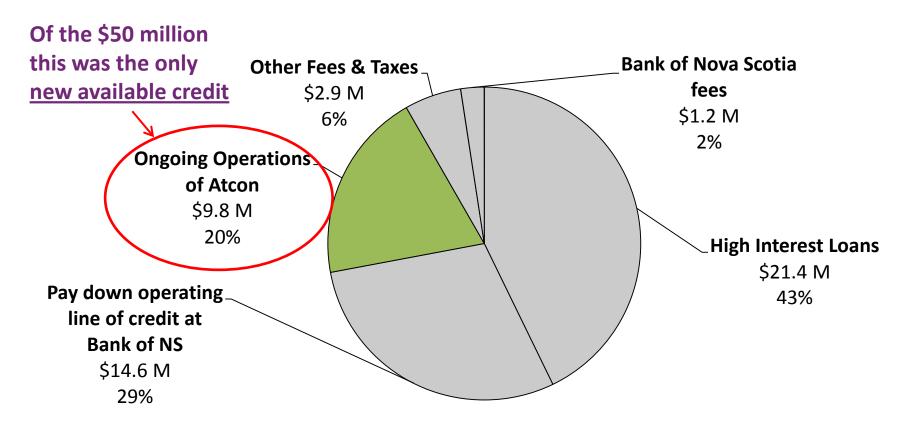
Severe Cash Shortage

Atcon's net cash position at Year end FY 2004 to 2009



Atcon's New Available Credit

• Atcon was left with just under \$10 million of actual new credit



\$50 Million Was Not Going to Save Atcon

- \$9.8 million of new credit not sufficient to solve Atcon's financial challenges
- Unless drastic restructuring, a company in a debt spiral runs out of credit and goes bankrupt
- Atcon declared bankruptcy in March 2010

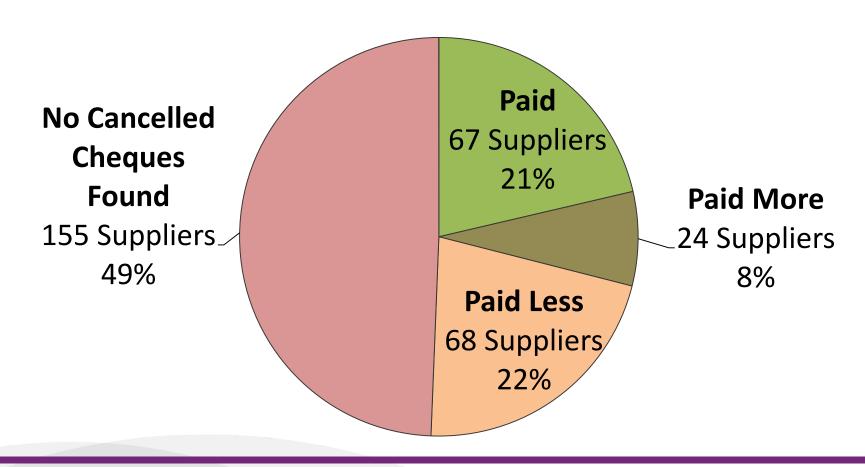
Regarding Cabinet's Rationale to Grant Financial Assistance to Atcon

We wanted to know if Atcon:

- Sold or monetized a contract and some assets?
 - No, Atcon was unable to monetize its assets in time
- Set up Advisory Board acceptable to the Minister?
 - Yes, but we believe the Board was put in place too late to have a positive effect
- Paid all outstanding payables owed to NB companies?
 - We cannot determine with assurance that all NB suppliers received payment (Details on next slide)

Condition for Assistance – Pay NB Suppliers

314 NB Suppliers to be Paid by Atcon



Condition for Assistance – Pay NB Suppliers

NB suppliers paid as per Atcon's declaration to Province

Amount traced to cancelled cheque	Number of companies	Amount per declaration (millions)	Amount per cancelled cheques (millions)
Equal to amount on declaration	67	\$ 1.2	\$1.2
Greater than amount on declaration	24	0.2	0.3
Less than amount on declaration	68	2.9	1.4
No cancelled cheques found	155	2.2	-
Total	314	\$ 6.5	\$ 2.9



Analysis of Atcon's Audited Financial Statements



Summary of Estimated Adjustments to Atcon's Financial Information (in millions)

	Richter - Estimated Misstatements	Advisory Board - Write-downs	AGNB - Irregularities Noted
Adjustment Total (Prior to this report)	\$ 28.3 - \$ 35.4	\$ 32.1	
AGNB New Finding Financial statement reclassification			\$ 21.7

Technical Terms Walkthrough Reclassification

Simply put, in accounting a reclassification:

- Is an amount moving from one account to another
- Can be used legitimately to make adjustments

However, a reclassification could affect:

- Ratios used to determine financial health
- Going concern vs. not going concern (vice-versa)

Technical Terms Walkthrough Going Concern vs. Not a Going Concern

Simply put, if a company is a:

- Going concern = assumption that normal operations will continue for the foreseeable future
- Not a going concern = Doubtful that normal operations will continue, could lead to ceasing operations, liquidating assets



Atcon's Year End of 2009 Going Concern Issue

Based on our review of audited financial statements, we can tell that prior to the new financing agreement:

- Atcon was in violation of its debt covenants
- Atcon owed more to suppliers than it could pay
- Atcon likely would have been unable to continue normal operations Not a going concern



Atcon's Year End of 2009 Going Concern Issue

- Atcon made an adjustment showing the anticipated effect of new financing (\$50 million)
- This improved the appearance of Atcon's ratios and financial health

Reclassification

Not going concern X



Going concern 🗸



Irregularities in Audited Financial Statements

We noted irregularities in the audited financial statements of Atcon:

- 1. Discrepancy of \$23 million
- 2. Questionable reclassification of \$21.7 million

1. Discrepancy of \$23 million in Audited Financial Statements

Balance Sheet

Payables and Accruals (\$millions)		
2009	\$41.4	
2008	\$48.1	
Balance Sheet Change	(\$6.7)	

Statement of Cash flow

Change in Payables and Accruals (\$millions)

2009

\$16.3

- We expected these two amounts to <u>match</u>
- Total difference of \$23 million

1. Discrepancy of \$23 million in Audited Financial Statements

With the discrepancy:

• Operations = **Positive cash flow** (in appearance)

However, without the discrepancy:

- Operations = **Negative cash flow**
- Would have been consistent to previous years

2. Questionable Reclassification of \$21.7M

In simple terms:

- The reclassification, as it was prepared, presumed Atcon was going to pay \$21.7 million to suppliers
- However, in our answer to "Where did the \$50 million go?" we did not find that \$21.7 million went to pay suppliers

2. Questionable Reclassification of \$21.7M

- We find the method in which the reclassification was done questionable
- To obtain an explanation, we requested access to the financial audit file from the auditors of Atcon, but they questioned our authority:

"...we believe the information in the file will be of no benefit to you given our understanding of your current mandate ...confirm under which provisions of ...the Auditor General Act you are proceeding."



Why did Cabinet Release the Province's Security?



Why did Cabinet Release Province's Security?

- The bank requested the Province give up first position on security in favour of the Bank
- The security held by Province was an important mitigating factor against significant risks
- Cabinet rejected this change in security position twice before approving it

Why did Cabinet Release Province's Security?

- It appears a lot of hope was placed solely on the fact that a prominent businessman was going to head the Advisory Board
- We consider Cabinet's decision to release Province's security as the critical failure in the Atcon file
- However, Cabinet Ministers interviewed offered no clear explanation for their decision

Bank Nova Scotia Recovered: 78%

Estimate of amount recovered by Bank of Nova Scotia following Atcon's Bankruptcy (\$ millions)

Amount owed to Bank of Nova Scotia	\$ 99.2
Less Recoveries:	
Payment from Province of NB	(50.0)
Disbursements from Receivers	(27.2)
Estimated net loss to the Bank of Nova Scotia	22.0
Total recoveries	\$ 77.2

Province Recovered: 4.5%

- Security held by Province was an important mitigating factor against significant risks
- As mentioned, Province had to pay the Bank of NS \$50 million as required under the guarantee agreement.
- Subsequently, **Province only recovered \$2.8 million** of \$63.4 million it was owed by Atcon.
- Estimated loss for NB: Over \$60 million

Cabinet's Release of Security Critical Failure in the Atcon File

Had Cabinet not given up the Province's security we estimate:

• The Province could have recovered in the range of an additional \$12 to \$19 million

Cabinet's Release of Security Critical Failure in the Atcon File

• Cabinet reversed measures to protect the Province from substantial financial losses

• Public expectation justifiably remains for these elected officials to be transparent and give the rationale for this **inexplicable** multi-million dollar decision



AGNB Recommendations & Ongoing Matters



• ONB has made progress in the development of policies and guidelines that address many of the issues we highlighted in 2015. However...

Summary of implementation status of recommendations From 2015 report		
	As assessed by ONB	As assessed by AGNB
Recommendations implemented	15	4
Recommendations not implemented	4	> 15
Total recommendations	19	19

We recommended ONB report expected <u>and actual</u> results of job creation and job maintenance in annual report (2.113)

- Not implemented
- ONB has reported *expected* results only
- Inconsistent use of words "committed" and "created" made it difficult to assess performance.

We recommended ONB track and report 10-year history of performance (2.123)

- Not implemented
- ONB response indicates implementation is in progress
- However, in a report to the Board Chair and CEO of ONB, the CFO stated: "while we believe this is an important exercise and that it is prudent to continue this practice into the future, we do not believe the benefit of a 10 year look back will justify the substantial cost and investment."

- Little effort by ECO to ensure recommendations are applied to all entities providing financial assistance
- Unfortunate given, since 2015, **\$313 million** has been spent on financial assistance to industry

Financial assistance to industry since 2015 (\$ millions)

Entity	2016	2017	Total
Opportunities NB	\$ 36.9	\$58.3	\$95.2
Regional Development Corporation	73.0	134.4	207.4
Provincial Holdings Ltd	1.0	4.8	5.8
Other	3.0	1.7	4.7
Total	\$ 113.9	\$ 199.2	\$313.1

• 9 new recommendations made to strengthen financial analysis provided to Cabinet in future

Overall, relating to scenarios where financial assistance requested is:

- Significant amount; and
- Considered high risk

Ongoing Matters

- Attorney General pursuing personal guarantee by Mr. Tozer, President of Atcon Holdings Inc.
- Province's legal action against auditor of Atcon in progess
- CPA professional conduct complaint not resolved

Atcon File Continues to Cost Taxpayers

Estimated additional costs to provide \$50 million guarantee to	o Atcon in 2009
Conflict of Interest Commissioner's investigation	\$ 225,000
Legal bill for Hon. Shawn Graham	72,000
Litigation: PNB vs. Grant Thornton (Atcon's auditors)	1,166,700
RSM Richter report	765,000
Deloitte consultation for ONB to implement AGNB recommendations	155,000
AGNB: Atcon I	131,000
AGNB : Atcon II	373,000
Estimated additional costs paid for by the Province	\$ 2,887,700

Questions?